# ALBERTA INSURANCE COUNCIL (the "AIC")

In the Matter of the *Insurance Act*, R.S.A. 2000 Chapter I-3 (the "Act")

And

In the Matter of Maria Kathrina Sunga (the "Agent")

DECISION
OF
The Life Insurance Council
(the "Council")

This case involved an alleged violation of s. 481(2) of the Act. Specifically, that the Agent failed or refused to provide information requested by the Minister, through the AIC, by way of a formal demand for information (the "Demand"). In so doing, it is alleged that the Agent subsequently violated s. 480(1)(b) of the Act.

## **Facts and Evidence**

This matter proceeded by way of a written Report to Council dated November 10, 2021 (the "Report"). The Report was forwarded to the Agent for review, and to allow the Agent to provide the Council with any further evidence or submissions by way of Addendum.

The AIC conducted an audit in October 2021, which sought to verify that the CE credits claimed on licensees' licensing applications for the 2020/2021 certificate term were correct. The auditees were selected at random and asked to provide proof of continuing education ("CE") credits, in accordance with the requirements of s. 31 of the *Insurance Agents and Adjusters Regulation*, AR 122/01 (the "Regulation"). The Agent was selected as an auditee and, in this instance, was asked to provide records relating to the 2020/2021 certificate term.

The Agent held Full Life and Accident & Sickness certificates of authority during the period of August 9, 2019, to November 8, 2021, when the Agent's certificates of authority were suspended due to the failure to produce CE records in accordance with s. 31(3) of the Regulation.

Section 31 of the Regulation provides:

(3) If the individual does not provide the records within 30 days after receiving a request from the Minister, the certificate of authority is suspended until the demand is complied with.

On October 4, 2021, the AIC emailed the Demand to the Agent which provided a deadline of 30 days to respond and produce the required CE certificates. The deadline provided was November 4, 2021. On October 18 and October 25, 2021, emails were sent by the AIC reminding the Agent to respond to the Demand by the deadline provided. On October 28, 2021, the AIC contacted the Agent by way of telephone, and the Agent was advised of the CE audit Demand and that confirmation of the CE certificates for the declared courses are required by the deadline of November 4, 2021, via email. A final reminder email was sent by the AIC on November 3, 2021.

By the date the Report was provided to the Agent, the AIC still had not received a response to the Demand from the Agent. As such, the Agent's certificates were suspended in accordance with s. 31(3) of the Regulation.

Within the Demands sent to the Agent via email, they were provided with written confirmation of the email address that the CE certificates were to be sent to, this being to the following email address: audits@abcouncil.ab.ca.

On November 11, 2021, the Agent contacted the AIC advising:

[...]

I am aware of this investigation as I received a call from one of your agent [sic] telling me that I needed to submit my CE credit by November 4 and I did on November 2 but the email address that was given to me was wrong. I have repeated and wrote down this information as she has given it to me.

I will attached [sic] the document that was asked and the proof that I have tried to submit the documents you asked.

[...]

The Agent attached a screenshot of an email dated November 2, 2021, showing an email being sent to "<u>audit@abcouncil.ab.ca</u>" and an email 3 minutes later, with the subject line "Mail Delivery System" (hereinafter referred to as "the delivery failure email"). The body of the email read:

Delivery has failed to these recipients or groups:

audit@abcouncil.ab.ca

A problem occurred while delivering your message to this email address. Try sending your message again. If the problem continues, please contact your email admin.

[...

No action was taken by the Agent until November 11, 2021, when the Agent provided all the records requested under s. 31 of the Regulation.

The licensing profile of the Agent confirms an entry from the Compliance Department to the Director of Licensing advising that the Agent had, as of November 12, 2021, passed the CE audit. The Agent did respond, but it was outside of the period set out in the Demand.

# **Discussion**

The Minister of Treasury Board and Finance has delegated its authority to the AIC to investigate complaints against holders, and former holders, of certificates of authority. Pursuant to Ministerial Directive 01/11 to the AIC, "[t]he Minister may direct the holder or former holder of a certificate of authority to provide to the Minister within a reasonable period of time specified in the direction any information specified by the Minister relating to the matters in s. 480(1)." Subsection 2 states that "... A person served with a direction ... who has the information <u>must</u> provide the information in accordance with the direction" (emphasis added).

The Demand referenced compliance with s. 31 of the Regulation. Specifically, this section provides;

#### Records

- 31(1) An individual who holds a certificate of authority must keep a record issued by a continuing education provider respecting the continuing education courses completed by the individual during that certificate term. (2) The records must be kept for a period of 3 years following the expiry of the certificate term and **must be**
- provided to the Minister upon request.
- (3) If the individual does not provide the records within 30 days after receiving a request from the Minister, the certificate of authority is suspended until the demand is complied with.

The Demand itself is formed under s. 481(2) of the Act.

Section 481 of the Act provides, in part;

#### Demand for information

- 481(1) The Minister may direct the holder or former holder of a certificate of authority to provide to the Minister within a reasonable period of time specified in the direction any information specified by the Minister relating to the matters in section 480(1).
- (2) A person served with a direction under subsection (1) who has the information must provide the information in accordance with the direction.

Section 480 of the Act provides:

### Sanctions affecting certificates

480(1) If the Minister is satisfied that the holder or a former holder of a certificate of authority [...]

(b) has contravened any provision of this Act or the regulations or similar legislation in another jurisdiction or legislation that is a predecessor of this Act or the regulations,

[...]

Section 780 of the Act stipulates:

#### **Offences**

780 A person who contravenes any of the following provisions is guilty of an offence: [...] (c) in Part 3, sections [...] 481(2)

In this regard, the act of failing to provide the CE certificates (or "credits") in accordance with s. 31(3) of the Regulation, and the potential violation of s. 481(2) of the Act regarding the Demand prompted the AIC to commence an investigation.

Regulatory offences such as these are strict liability offences. As such, the AIC has the onus to prove that the Demand was properly made upon the Agent, proper in the sense that they meet all the requirements under the Act, and that the Agent did not comply. Once this occurs, the responsibility then shifts to the Agent to establish that due diligence was exercised in meeting the statutory requirement to respond. To substantiate this due diligence defence, the Agent must prove that all reasonable means were taken to avoid making the offence. There is nothing that requires the AIC to prove that the Agent's failure to respond was intentional.

In consideration of the evidence before it, and the appropriateness of the request to confirm CE records under the Regulation, the Council is satisfied that the Demand met the requirements of s. 481 of the Act. The Council agreed that the Agent was given a reasonable opportunity to respond to the Demand. Given the fact that the Agent failed to respond when called upon, failed to use the correct email address, and failed to act once the Agent received the delivery failure email within the time provided, the Agent has not met the burden of proof to establish the due diligence defence. As such, the Council finds the Agent guilty of violating s. 481(2) of the Act, and also finds that the Agent has subsequently violated s. 480(1)(b) of the Act.

In terms of the applicable sanction, the Act requires that all holders, and former holders, of certificates of authority produce information when called upon. The Council is of the view that the public is not well-served when agents fail to comply with demands, like the Demand made in this case. Pursuant to s. 13(1)(b) of the *Certificate Expiry, Penalties and Fees Regulation*, A.R. 125/2001, the Council has the discretion to levy a civil penalty in an amount up to \$1,000.00. In this case, the Agent did not satisfy the audit by the deadline provided, however subsequently satisfied the audit after receiving the Report. In consideration of all of the evidence, the Council orders that a penalty in the amount of \$500.00 be levied against the Agent.

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The civil penalty of \$500.00 must be paid within thirty (30) days of the mailing of this Decision. In the

event that the civil penalty is not paid within thirty (30) days interest will begin to accrue at the prescribed

rate. If the Agent has active certificates of authority at the time that the civil penalty becomes due, and that

civil penalty has not been duly satisfied, the Agent's active certificates of authority will be suspended in

accordance with s. 480(4) of the Act. Pursuant to s. 482 of the Act (excerpt enclosed), the Agent has thirty

(30) days in which to appeal this decision by filing a Notice of Appeal with the Office of the Superintendent

of Insurance.

This Decision was made by way of a motion made and carried at a properly conducted meeting of the Life

Insurance Council. The motion was duly recorded in the minutes of that meeting.

Dated: January 5, 2022

[Original Signed By] Michael Bibby, Chair Life Insurance Council

# Extract from the Insurance Act, Chapter I-3

# **Appeal**

482 A decision of the Minister under this Part to refuse to issue, renew or reinstate a certificate of authority, to impose terms and conditions on a certificate of authority, to revoke or suspend a certificate of authority or to impose a penalty on the holder or former holder of a certificate of authority may be appealed in accordance with the regulations.

## Extract from the Insurance Councils Regulation, Alberta Regulation 126/2001

## **Notice of appeal**

- 16(1) A person who is adversely affected by a decision of a council may appeal the decision by submitting a notice of appeal to the Superintendent within 30 days after the council has mailed the written notice of the decision to the person.
- (2) The notice of appeal must contain the following:
  - a) a copy of the written notice of the decision being appealed;
  - b) a description of the relief requested by the appellant;
  - c) the signature of the appellant or the appellant's lawyer;
  - d) an address for service in Alberta for the appellant;
  - e) an appeal fee of \$200 payable to the Provincial Treasurer.
- (3) The Superintendent must notify the Minister and provide a copy of the notice of appeal to the council whose decision is being appealed when a notice of appeal has been submitted.
- (4) If the appeal involves a suspension or revocation of a certificate of authority or a levy of a penalty, the council's decision is suspended until after the disposition of the appeal by a panel of the Appeal Board.

# **Contact Information and Useful Links for Appeal:**

Email: tbf.insurance@gov.ab.ca

Phone: 780-643-2237 Fax: 780-420-0752

Toll-free in Alberta: Dial 310-0000, then the number

Mailing Address: 402 Terrace Building, 9515 – 107 Street Edmonton, AB T5K 2C3

Link: Bulletins, notices, enforcement activities | Alberta.ca – Interpretation Bulletin 02-2021 – Submitting

Notices of Appeal of Insurance Council Decisions