Case # 68215 Life Insurance Council

# ALBERTA INSURANCE COUNCIL (the "AIC")

In the Matter of the *Insurance Act*, R.S.A. 2000 Chapter I-3 (the "Act")

And

In the Matter of Menga Nsa (the "Agent")

DECISION
OF
The Life Insurance Council
(the "Council")

This case involved an allegation pursuant to s. 481(2) of the Act. Specifically, it is alleged that the Agent failed or refused to provide information and documentation requested by an AIC investigator (the "Investigator") through a Demand for Information (the "Demand") contrary to s. 481of the Act. In so doing, it is alleged that the Agent contravened a provision of the Act pursuant to s. 480(1)(b).

#### **Facts and Evidence**

This matter proceeded by way of a written Report to Council dated November 21, 2017 (the "Report"). The Report was forwarded to the Agent for review and to allow the Agent to provide the Council with any further evidence or submissions by way of Addendum. The Agent did not respond.

The Agent was the holder of an accident & sickness (A&S) Certificates of Authority and was licensed from April 11, 2016 to August 3, 2017. On August 8, 2017 an RBC Insurance official emailed the AIC to indicate that it terminated the Agent's employment for a variety of reasons.

In an October 4, 2017 telephone conversation, the Investigator advised the Agent that he would be sending the Agent a request for information to better understand the events relating to his termination of employment. The Investigator confirmed that the Agent's preferred means of communication was email correspondence and the Investigator emailed the Agent on October 4, 2017. The email address the Agent provided was invalid and the request for information could not be delivered. Therefore, the

Investigator left a telephone message with the Agent on October 4, 2017 that advised the Agent that his email address was not valid. The Investigator asked the Agent to contact him and provide a valid email address. The Investigator also mailed a copy of the October 4, 2017 request for information to the Agent's address on October 6, 2017.

As the Agent did not respond, the Investigator sent the Demand to the Agent via registered mail on October 26, 2017. The Demand required that the Agent respond by November 9, 2017. The Agent did not respond in accordance with the Demand.

#### **Discussion**

The AIC operates under a delegation from the Minister of Treasury Board and Finance that authorizes the AIC to investigate complaints against holders and former holders (such as the Agent in this case) of insurance agent certificates of authority. Pursuant to the Minister of Finance Directive No. 05/01, the Minister also delegated his powers under s. 481 to the AIC. Section 481 states that "[t]he Minister may direct the holder or former holder of a certificate of authority to provide to the Minister within a reasonable period of time specified in the direction any information specified by the Minister relating to the matters in section 480(1)." Subsection 2 states that the "... A person served with a direction ... who has the information must provide the information in accordance with the direction."

Section 481 of the Act is a strict liability offence. This means that in order to be found guilty, the AIC only needs to prove that the Demand was properly made and delivered. There is no requirement that the AIC prove that the Agent's failure to respond was intentional. Once the AIC has proven that the Demand was made, the onus shifts to the Agent to demonstrate that he took all reasonable efforts to avoid committing the offence. From the evidence in the Report, we are satisfied that the AIC's Demand meets the requirements of s. 481 of the Act. Given the fact that the Agent failed to respond to the Report, he has not met the burden of establishing the due diligence defence and we find him guilty as alleged in the Report.

In terms of the applicable sanction, the Act requires that holders and former holders of licenses provide information when called upon to do so. Given the facts in their entirety, including the fact that the Agent has not given the AIC any meaningful response to the Investigators communications, we order

that a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000.00 be levied against the Agent pursuant to s. 13(1)(b) of the *Certificate Expiry, Penalties and Fees Regulation*, A.R. 125/2001. The civil penalty must be paid within thirty (30) days of receiving this notice.

In the event that the civil penalty is not paid within thirty (30) days, interest will begin to accrue at the applicable prescribed rate. Pursuant to s. 482 of the Act (copy enclosed), the Agent has thirty (30) days in which to appeal this decision by filing a notice of appeal with the Office of the Superintendent of Insurance.

This Decision was made by way of a motion made and carried at a properly conducted meeting of the Life Insurance Council. The motion was duly recorded in the minutes of that meeting.

Dated: March 13, 2018 Original signed by

Kenneth Doll, Cha

Kenneth Doll, Chair Life Insurance Council

### Extract from the Insurance Act, Chapter I-3

### **Appeal**

482 A decision of the Minister under this Part to refuse to issue, renew or reinstate a certificate of authority, to impose terms and conditions on a certificate of authority, to revoke or suspend a certificate of authority or to impose a penalty on the holder or former holder of a certificate of authority may be appealed in accordance with the regulations.

### Extract from the Insurance Councils Regulation, Alberta Regulation 126/2001

## Notice of appeal

- 16(1) A person who is adversely affected by a decision of a council may appeal the decision by submitting a notice of appeal to the Superintendent within 30 days after the council has mailed the written notice of the decision to the person.
- (2) The notice of appeal must contain the following:
  - a) a copy of the written notice of the decision being appealed;
  - b) a description of the relief requested by the appellant;
  - c) the signature of the appellant or the appellant's lawyer;
  - d) an address for service in Alberta for the appellant;
  - e) an appeal fee of \$200 payable to the Provincial Treasurer.
- (3) The Superintendent must notify the Minister and provide a copy of the notice of appeal to the council whose decision is being appealed when a notice of appeal has been submitted.
- (4) If the appeal involves a suspension or revocation of a certificate of authority or a levy of a penalty, the council's decision is suspended until after the disposition of the appeal by a panel of the Appeal Board.

Address for Superintendent of Insurance:

Superintendent of Insurance Alberta Finance 402 Terrace Building 9515-107 Street Edmonton, Alberta T5K 2C3